

**MATH 101: ALGEBRA I  
WORKSHEET, DAY #9**

**Problem JV9.A.** Show that  $\mathbb{C} \otimes_{\mathbb{R}} \mathbb{C}$  and  $\mathbb{C} \otimes_{\mathbb{C}} \mathbb{C}$  are both  $\mathbb{R}$ -vector spaces, and compute their dimensions. Are they isomorphic as  $\mathbb{R}$ -vector spaces?

**Problem JV9.B.** Let  $F$  be a field, let  $V$  be a finite-dimensional  $F$ -vector space, and let  $T : V \times V \rightarrow F$  be a nondegenerate symmetric bilinear form. Let  $W \subseteq V$  be a  $F$ -subspace. Define  $W^{\perp} = \{v \in V : T(v, W) = 0\}$ .

- (a) Show that the map  $V \rightarrow V^*$  by  $v \mapsto T(v, -)$  maps  $W^{\perp}$  isomorphically to  $\text{ann}(W)$ .
- (b) Deduce that  $\dim V = \dim W + \dim W^{\perp}$ .
- (c) Suppose that  $T|_{W \times W}$  is nondegenerate (accordingly, we say that  $W$  is a *nondegenerate* subspace under  $T$ ). Show that  $V = W \oplus W^{\perp}$ . In this case, we say  $W^{\perp}$  is the *orthogonal complement* of the nondegenerate subspace  $W$ .
- (d) Define the *orthogonal projection* onto  $W$ . Then let  $V = \mathbb{R}^3$  have the standard inner product and let

$$W = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : x + y + z = 0\}$$

and compute its matrix with respect to the standard basis.